DISASTER AND CRISIS PREPAREDNESS, MANAGEMENT AND RESILIENCE



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| | AT PRIMARY LEVEL |
|----|--|
| 30 | Joffy J Njavallil & Dr. T.M Mollykutty 5 DISRUPTIVE TECHNOLOGIES FOR DISASTER RISK |
| 30 | REDUCTION AND MANAGEMENT |
| | Mecra Varehese & Dr. T. M. Mollykutty |
| 37 | HUMAN ACTIVITIES CAUSING NATURAL DISASTERS ASSET OF STUDY |
| | |
| 38 | A LINDLY CALLERY DISASTERS: A UNDLY |
| | VARATTAR |
| 39 | Rehina Purushothaman EDUCATING THE GENERATION IN DISASTER MANAGEMENT- |
| | NEED OF THE HOUR |
| | Vidhya Dinesan, Anisha R. Nair |
| 40 | |
| 41 | Anjali Peethambaran & Athira J DISASTER MANAGEMENT AND REHABILITATION 169 |
| | MEASURES IN INDIAN CONTEXT |
| | Aparna Muralidharan & Dr. Manju Joseph |
| 42 | DISASTER MANAGEMENT IN INDIA; GOVERNMENT POLICIES AND LEGAL INSTITUTIONAL FRAMWORK |
| | Anignal S & Aisygryg Siygraman |
| 43 | A THE PROPERTY OF A LICINIC NATIONAL DIVACIONS |
| | Chrisy Jose & Aneeta George |
| 44 | DISASTER PREPAREDNESS AMONG HIGHER SECONDARY SCHOOL STUDENTS |
| | Iais Jose & Dr. Aniu K Paul |
| 45 | AND TO ADDITCATIONIC INDICACTED |
| | MANAGEMENT |
| | Maria Mathew & Dr. Anju K Paul DISASTER MANAGEMENT: ROLE OF TEACHERS AND |
| 46 | DISASTER MANAGEMENT: ROLE OF TEACHERS AND STUDENTS IN REDUCING THE EFFECT |
| | Jithu K K & Dr. Manju Joseph |
| 47 | . 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 |
| | DISASTERS |
| 48 | Dr. Dhanya C. R. & Dr. Anjana J. IMPACT OF DISASTERS: AN INSIGHT INTO T |
| | IMPACT OF DISASTERS: AN INSIGHT INTO T PSYCHOLOGICAL EFFECTS |
| | Reeba Elizabeth Joseph, Sreevidya Radhakrishnan and Rosy Tintu M.P |
| 49 | INTERTWINING ECOLOGICAL PRO-ACTIVENESS AN |
| 50 | INSTRUCTION IN CONTEMPORARY CLASSROOMS |
| | Viji V. |
| 50 | A STUDY ON THE CONSERVATION OF RESOURCES IN T WESTERN GHATS |
| | , as a series of the series of |

SIRA Semiliur 25

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Introduction

"We cannot stop natural disasters but we can arm ourselves with knowledge: so many lives wouldn't have to be lost if there was enough disaster preparedness".

Cancer has emerged as the most wide spreading disease of the world in recent times. The global cancer burden was estimated to have risen to 18.1 million new cases and 9.6 million deaths in 2018. The increase in the regional burden of cancer is largely a result of socioeconomic growth and the increasing size and aging of the population (Roselle De Guzman 2019).

Natural disasters have become frequent phenomena. In such unprecedented situations, the special needs of people with non-communicable diseases including cancer are largely over looked. Cancer patients become an extremely vulnerable group in the midst of the din and bustle of natural disasters. Mostly medical care for disaster-affected population is based on the management of trauma and acute infections. With the increasing number of cancer cases, special attention should be given to the awareness and rehabilitation of cancer patients in the disaster affected areas. There are essentially two factors concerning cancer in association with natural disasters-Cancer risk and Cancer care.

Disasters and cancer risk

Studies have evidenced an association between natural disasters and cancer. Volcanic activity has shown to be a possible risk factor for thyroid cancer. Several studies analyzed the incidence of thyroid cancer among people living in the volcanic areas of Iceland (Hrafnkelsson 1989), Hawaii (Kolonel 1990), New Caledonia (Truong 2007) and French Polynesia (Curado 2007).

The geologic processes of volcanism produce various elements and metals in abnormal concentrations. For example, for decades, Mount Etna has been continuously delivering suspended particulate matter and gases like sulfurdioxide, hydrogenchloride, hydrogenfluoride, hydrogensulfide, hydrochloride acid, sulfuric acid, ammonium sulfate, helium, radon and many of these



